

# NAG C Library Function Document

## nag\_rngs\_uniform (g05lgc)

### 1 Purpose

nag\_rngs\_uniform (g05lgc) generates a vector of pseudo-random numbers uniformly distributed over the interval  $[a, b]$ .

### 2 Specification

```
void nag_rngs_uniform (double a, double b, Integer n, double x[], Integer igen,
    Integer iseed[], NagError *fail)
```

### 3 Description

If  $a = 0$  and  $b = 1$ , nag\_rngs\_uniform (g05lgc) returns the next  $n$  values  $y_i$  from a uniform (0,1) generator (see nag\_rngs\_basic (g05kac) for details).

For other values of  $a$  and  $b$ , nag\_rngs\_uniform (g05lgc) applies the transformation

$$x_i = a + (b - a)y_i.$$

The function ensures that the values  $x_i$  lie in the closed interval  $[a, b]$ .

If computing sequentially and using the same generator, nag\_rngs\_uniform (g05lgc) always generates exactly the same pseudo-random numbers as would  $n$  consecutive calls of nag\_rngs\_basic (g05kac) and on many machines is likely to be much faster.

One of the initialisation functions nag\_rngs\_init\_repeatable (g05kbc) (for a repeatable sequence if computed sequentially) or nag\_rngs\_init\_nonrepeatable (g05kcc) (for a non-repeatable sequence) must be called prior to the first call to nag\_rngs\_uniform (g05lgc).

### 4 References

Knuth D E (1981) *The Art of Computer Programming (Volume 2)* (2nd Edition) Addison–Wesley

### 5 Parameters

- |    |   |               |
|----|---|---------------|
| 1: | <b>a</b> – double   | <i>Input</i>  |
| 2: | <b>b</b> – double   | <i>Input</i>  |
|    | <i>On entry:</i> the end-points $a$ and $b$ of the uniform distribution.                                |               |
|    | <i>Constraint:</i> $\mathbf{a} \leq \mathbf{b}$ .   |               |
| 3: | <b>n</b> – Integer  | <i>Input</i>  |
|    | <i>On entry:</i> the number, $n$ , of pseudo-random numbers to be generated.                            |               |
|    | <i>Constraint:</i> $\mathbf{n} \geq 0$ .  |               |
| 4: | <b>x</b> [ <i>dim</i> ] – double  | <i>Output</i> |
|    | <b>Note:</b> the dimension, <i>dim</i> , of the array <b>x</b> must be at least $\max(1, \mathbf{n})$ . |               |
|    | <i>On exit:</i> the $n$ pseudo-random numbers from the specified uniform distribution.                  |               |

- 5: **igen** – Integer *Input*  
*On entry:* must contain the identification number for the generator to be used to return a pseudo-random number and should remain unchanged following initialisation by a prior call to one of the functions `nag_rngs_init_repeatable` (g05kbc) or `nag_rngs_init_nonrepeatable` (g05kcc).
- 6: **iseed**[4] – Integer *Input/Output*  
*On entry:* contains values which define the current state of the selected generator.  
*On exit:* contains updated values defining the new state of the selected generator.
- 7: **fail** – NagError \* *Input/Output*  
The NAG error parameter (see the Essential Introduction).

## 6 Error Indicators and Warnings

### NE\_INT

On entry, **n** =  $\langle value \rangle$ .  
Constraint: **n**  $\geq$  0.

### NE\_REAL\_2

On entry, **a** =  $\langle value \rangle$ , **b** =  $\langle value \rangle$ .  
Constraint: **b**  $\geq$  **a**:

### NE\_BAD\_PARAM

On entry, parameter  $\langle value \rangle$  had an illegal value.

### NE\_INTERNAL\_ERROR

An internal error has occurred in this function. Check the function call and any array sizes. If the call is correct then please consult NAG for assistance.

## 7 Accuracy

Not applicable.

## 8 Further Comments

None.

## 9 Example

The example program prints five pseudo-random numbers from a uniform distribution between  $-1.0$  and  $1.0$ , generated by a single call to `nag_rngs_uniform` (g05lgc), after initialisation by `nag_rngs_init_repeatable` (g05kbc).

### 9.1 Program Text

```
/* nag_rngs_uniform(g05lgc) Example Program.
 *
 * Copyright 2001 Numerical Algorithms Group.
 *
 * Mark 7, 2001.
 */

#include <stdio.h>
#include <nag.h>
#include <nag_stdlib.h>
```

```

#include <nagg05.h>

int main(void)
{
    /* Scalars */
    Integer  igen, j, m;
    Integer  exit_status=0;
    NagError fail;

    /* Arrays */
    double   *x=0;
    Integer  iseed[4];

    INIT_FAIL(fail);
    Vprintf("g05lgc Example Program Results\n\n");

    m = 5;
    /* Allocate memory */
    if ( !(x = NAG_ALLOC(m, double)) )
    {
        Vprintf("Allocation failure\n");
        exit_status = -1;
        goto END;
    }

    /* Initialise the seed to a repeatable sequence */
    iseed[0] = 1762543;
    iseed[1] = 9324783;
    iseed[2] = 42344;
    iseed[3] = 742355;
    /* igen identifies the stream. */
    igen = 1;
    g05kbc(&igen, iseed);

    g05lgc(-1.0, 1.0, m, x, igen, iseed, &fail);
    if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
    {
        Vprintf("Error from g05lgc.\n%s\n", fail.message);
        exit_status = 1;
        goto END;
    }
    for (j = 0; j < m; ++j)
    {
        Vprintf("%10.4f\n", x[j]);
    }
    END:
    if (x) NAG_FREE(x);
    return exit_status;
}

```

## 9.2 Program Data

None.

## 9.3 Program Results

g05lgc Example Program Results

```

-0.8214
 0.9019
-0.1872
 0.4864
 0.8995

```

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